1.) Find the area between the curve $f(x)=\begin{cases} 2 & x<0\\ -3 & x>0 \end{cases}$, and the x-axis, and between x=-4 and x=5.

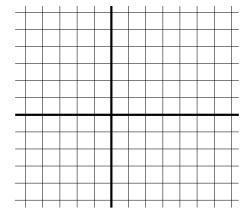
2a.)
$$\int_{-4}^{5} |f(x)| dx =$$

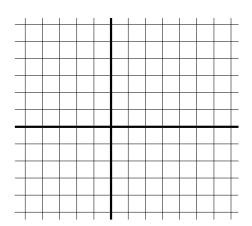
2b.)
$$\int_{-4}^{5} f(x)dx =$$

3.) The speed of a runner decreased steadily after crossing the finish line. Her speed at 2 second intervals is given in the table. Find lower and upper estimates for the distance that she traveled during these 6 seconds.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} t(seconds) & 0 & 2 & 4 & 6 \\ v(feet/sec) & 40 & 20 & 5 & 0 \end{array}$$

Lower estimate: ______, Upper estimate: _____





FYI: Side Note:

A.) Find the area under the curve f(x) = 2, above the x-axis, and between x = 0 and x = 5.

- B.) Find the area under the curve $h(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & x \neq 1, 2, 3, 4 \\ 0 & x = 1, 2, 3, 4 \end{cases}$ above the x-axis, and between x = 0 and x = 5.
- C.) Find the area under the curve $h(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & x \text{ irrational} \\ 0 & x \text{ rational} \end{cases}$, above the x-axis, and between x = 0 and x = 5.
- D.) Find the area under the curve $h(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & x \text{ rational} \\ 0 & x \text{ irrational} \end{cases}$, above the x-axis, and between x = 0 and x = 5.

$$\frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{1}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{1}, \dots$$