Math 34 Differential Equations Quiz 3

1.) Define: The LaPlace transform of $f = \mathcal{L}(f) = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt$

2a.)
$$\mathcal{L}(0) = _0$$

2b.)
$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\frac{3}{(s+1)^2+2}) = \underbrace{\frac{3e^{-t}}{\sqrt{2}}sin(\sqrt{2}t)}_{\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\frac{3}{(s+1)^2+2})} = 3\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\frac{1}{(s+1)^2+2}) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{(s+1)^2+2}) = \frac{3e^{-t}}{\sqrt{2}}\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{(s)^2+2}) = \frac{3e^{-t}}{\sqrt{2}}sin(\sqrt{2}t)$$

3.) Circle T for True or F for False:

3a.) Suppose y = f(t) is a solution to y'' + y' + y = cos(2t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, and suppose y = g(t) is a solution to y'' + y' + y = cos(2t), y(0) = 100, y'(0) = -200. For large values of t, f(t) - g(t) is very small.

3b.) The initial conditions have a transient effect on the solution to y'' + y = cos(2t). F

4.) Match the following differential equation initial value problem to its graph:

$$B = I.) y'' + y = cos(t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$$

$$A = II.) y'' + y = cos(1.2t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$$

$$II = A.)$$

$$II = A.)$$

$$II = B.)$$

$$II = B.$$