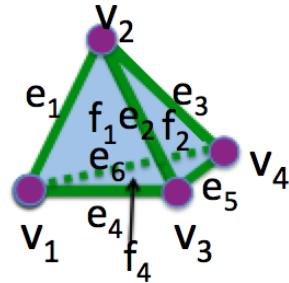


## Homework 5: Solutions

Let  $C$  be the simplicial complex below (the boundary of a tetrahedron).



Find the following:

- Find the matrix for  $\delta_0$ :

$$M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 & v_2 & v_3 & v_4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Find the matrix for  $\delta_1$ :

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 & e_4 & e_5 & e_6 \\ v_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ v_2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ v_4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Simplify the matrix for  $\delta_1$  so that the nonzero columns are linearly independent. Write the basis element above its corresponding column.

$$M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 & e_4 & e_5 & e_6 \\ v_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ v_2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ v_4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Row operations}} \begin{pmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 & e_1 + e_2 + e_4 & e_5 & e_6 \\ v_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ v_2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ v_4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Row operations}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 & e_1 + e_2 + e_4 & e_2 + e_3 + e_5 & e_6 \\ v_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ v_2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ v_3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Row operations}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 & e_1 + e_2 + e_4 & e_2 + e_3 + e_5 & e_1 + e_3 + e_6 \\ v_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ v_3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v_4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_1 & f_2 & f_3 & f_4 \\ e_1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ e_2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ e_3 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ e_4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ e_5 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ e_6 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Find the matrix for  $\delta_2 : M_2 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_1 & f_2 & f_3 & f_4 \\ e_1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ e_2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ e_3 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ e_4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ e_5 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ e_6 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Simplify the matrix for  $\delta_2$  so that the nonzero columns are linearly independent. Write the basis element above its corresponding column.

$$M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} f_1 & f_2 & f_3 & f_4 \\ e_1 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & e_2 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ e_3 & \rightarrow & e_3 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ e_4 & & e_4 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ e_5 & & e_5 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ e_6 & & e_6 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

- $Z_1 = \{\sum_i n_i e_i \text{ in } C_1 \mid \delta_1(\sum_i n_i e_i) = 0\} = \langle e_1 + e_2 + e_4, e_2 + e_3 + e_5, e_1 + e_3 + e_6, e_4 + e_5 + e_6 \rangle$

- Explain your answer for  $Z_1$ :

$$Z_1 = \text{null space of } M_1 = \langle e_1 + e_2 + e_4, e_2 + e_3 + e_5, e_1 + e_3 + e_6 \rangle$$

- $B_1 = \text{image of } \delta_2 = \langle e_1 + e_2 + e_4, e_2 + e_3 + e_5, e_1 + e_3 + e_6 \rangle$

- $$\bullet \quad H_1 = Z_1/B_1 = \frac{<e_1+e_2+e_4, e_2+e_3+e_5, e_1+e_3+e_6>}{<e_1+e_2+e_4, e_2+e_3+e_5, e_1+e_3+e_6>} = <0>$$



- $$\bullet \quad |C_1| = 2^6 = 64 \qquad \qquad \qquad |Z_1| = 2^4 = 16$$

- Rank  $H = \text{Rank } Z - \text{Rank } B = 4 - 4 = 0$

- $$|H| = 20 - 1$$

- $Z_2 = \{\Sigma_i n_i f_i \text{ in } C_2 \mid \delta_2(\Sigma_i n_i f_i) = 0\} = \langle f_1 + f_2 + f_3 + f_4 \rangle$

- Explain your answer for  $Z_2$ :

$$Z_2 = \text{null space of } M_2 = \langle f_1 + f_2 + f_3 + f_4 \rangle$$

- $B_2$  = image of  $\delta_3 = \langle 0 \rangle$  since  $\delta_3 : C_3 \rightarrow C_2$  and  $C_3 = 0$ .

- $H_2 = Z_2/B_2 = \frac{< f_1 + f_2 + f_3 + f_4 >}{<0>} = < f_1 + f_2 + f_3 + f_4 >$



$$\bullet \quad |C_2| = 2^4 = 16 \qquad \qquad \qquad |Z_2| = 2^1 = 2$$

- Rank  $H_2 = \text{Rank } Z_2 - \text{Rank } B_2 = 1 - 0 = 1$

- $|H_2| = 2^1 = 2$

$$\bullet \quad |H_2| = 2 = 2$$

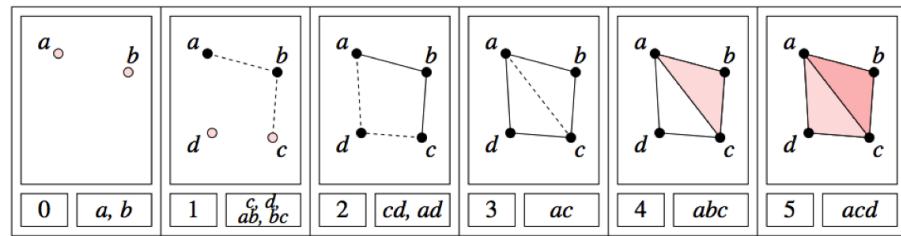


Figure 1: Barcode for  $H_0$

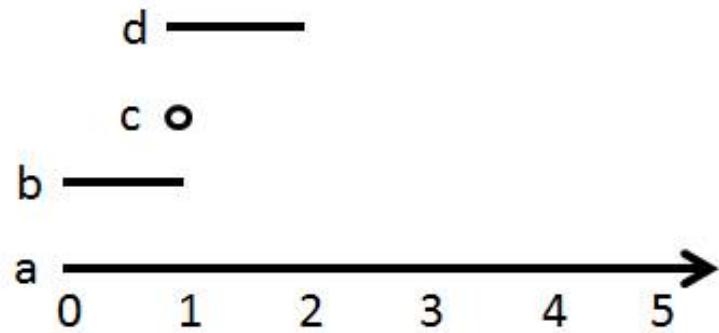


Figure 2: Barcode for  $H_1$

